AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 6968

OFFERED BY MR. BRADY OF TEXAS

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be known as the "Suspending Normal
- 3 Trade Relations with Russia and Belarus Act".
- 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 5 Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) The United States is a founding member of 7 the World Trade Organization (WTO) and is com-8 mitted to ensuring that the WTO remains an effec-
- 9 tive forum for peaceful economic engagement.
- 10 (2) Ukraine is a sovereign nation-state that is
- 11 entitled to enter into agreements with other sov-
- ereign states and to full respect of its territorial in-
- tegrity.
- 14 (3) The United States will be unwavering in its
- support for a secure, democratic, and sovereign
- 16 Ukraine, free to choose its own leaders and future.
- 17 (4) Ukraine acceded to the Marrakesh Agree-
- ment Establishing the World Trade Organization

1	(WTO Agreement) and has been a WTO member
2	since 2008.
3	(5) Ukraine's participation in the WTO Agree-
4	ment creates both rights and obligations vis-à-vis
5	other WTO members.
6	(6) The Russian Federation acceded to the
7	WTO on August 22, 2012, becoming the 156th
8	WTO member, and the Republic of Belarus has ap-
9	plied to accede to the WTO.
10	(7) From the date of its accession, the Russian
11	Federation committed to apply fully all provisions of
12	the WTO.
13	(8) The United States Congress authorized per-
14	manent normal trade relations for the Russian Fed-
15	eration through the Russia and Moldova Jackson-
16	Vanik Repeal and Sergei Magnitsky Rule of Law
17	Accountability Act of 2012 (Public Law 112–208).
18	(9) Ukraine communicated to the WTO General
19	Council on March 2, 2022, urging that all WTO
20	members take action against the Russian Federation
21	and "consider further steps with the view to sus-
22	pending the Russian Federation's participation in
23	the WTO for its violation of the purpose and prin-
24	ciples of this Organization".

1	(10) Vladimir Putin, a ruthless dictator, has led
2	the Russian Federation into a war of aggression
3	against Ukraine, which—
4	(A) denies Ukraine and its people their col-
5	lective rights to independence, sovereignty, and
6	territorial integrity;
7	(B) constitutes an emergency in inter-
8	national relations, because it is a situation of
9	armed conflict that threatens the peace and se-
10	curity of all countries, including the United
11	States; and
12	(C) denies Ukraine its rightful ability to
13	participate in international organizations, in-
14	cluding the WTO.
15	(11) The Republic of Belarus, also led by a
16	ruthless dictator, Aleksander Lukashenka, is pro-
17	viding important material support to the Russian
18	Federation's aggression.
19	(12) The Russian Federation's exportation of
20	goods in the energy sector is central to its ability to
21	wage its war of aggression on Ukraine.
22	(13) The United States, along with its allies
23	and partners, has responded to recent aggression by
24	the Russian Federation in Ukraine by imposing

1	sweeping financial sanctions and stringent export
2	controls.
3	(14) The United States cannot allow the con-
4	sequences of the Russian Federation's actions to go
5	unaddressed, and must lead fellow countries, in all
6	fora, including the WTO, to impose appropriate con-
7	sequences for the Russian Federation's aggression.
8	SEC. 3. SUSPENSION OF NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS WITH
9	THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION AND THE REPUB-
10	LIC OF BELARUS.
11	(a) Nondiscriminatory Tariff Treatment.—
12	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, beginning on
13	the day after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
14	rates of duty set forth in column 2 of the Harmonized
15	Tariff Schedule of the United States shall apply to all
16	products of the Russian Federation and of the Republic
17	of Belarus.
18	(b) Authority to Proclaim Increased Column
19	2 Rates.—
20	(1) In general.—The President may proclaim
21	increases in the rates of duty applicable to products
22	of the Russian Federation or the Republic of
23	Belarus, above the rates set forth in column 2 of the
24	Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States.

1	(2) Prior consultation.—The President
2	shall, not later than 5 calendar days before issuing
3	any proclamation under paragraph (1), consult with
4	the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
5	Representatives and the Committee on Finance of
6	the Senate regarding the basis for and anticipated
7	impact of the proposed increases to rates of duty de-
8	scribed in paragraph (1).
9	(3) Termination.—The authority to issue
10	proclamations under this subsection shall terminate
11	on January 1, 2024.
12	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON IMPORTATION OF ENERGY PROD-
13	UCTS OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.
13 14	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
14	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
14 15	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all products of the Russian Federation classi-
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all products of the Russian Federation classified under chapter 27 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all products of the Russian Federation classified under chapter 27 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall be banned from importation into
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all products of the Russian Federation classified under chapter 27 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall be banned from importation into the United States, other than products imported on or be-
114 115 116 117 118	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all products of the Russian Federation classified under chapter 27 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall be banned from importation into the United States, other than products imported on or before 11:59 p.m. eastern daylight time on the date that is
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all products of the Russian Federation classified under chapter 27 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall be banned from importation into the United States, other than products imported on or before 11:59 p.m. eastern daylight time on the date that is 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all products of the Russian Federation classified under chapter 27 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall be banned from importation into the United States, other than products imported on or before 11:59 p.m. eastern daylight time on the date that is 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. (b) Termination Upon Extension of Normal
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all products of the Russian Federation classified under chapter 27 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States shall be banned from importation into the United States, other than products imported on or before 11:59 p.m. eastern daylight time on the date that is 45 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. (b) Termination Upon Extension of Normal Trade Relations With the Russian Federation.—

1	the products of the Russian Federation pursuant to sec-
2	tion $5(b)(3)$.
3	SEC. 5. RESUMPTION OF APPLICATION OF HTS COLUMN 1
4	RATES OF DUTY AND RESTORATION OF NOR-
5	MAL TRADE RELATIONS TREATMENT FOR
6	THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION AND THE REPUB-
7	LIC OF BELARUS.
8	(a) Temporary Application of HTS Column 1
9	Rates of Duty.—
10	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
11	provision of law (including the application of column
12	2 rates of duty under section 3), the President is au-
13	thorized to temporarily resume, for one or more pe-
14	riods not to exceed 1 year each, the application of
15	the rates of duty set forth in column 1 of the Har-
16	monized Tariff Schedule of the United States to the
17	products of the Russian Federation, the Republic of
18	Belarus, or both, if the President submits to Con-
19	gress with respect to either or both such countries
20	a certification under subsection (c) for each such pe-
21	riod. Such action shall take effect beginning on the
22	date that is 90 calendar days after the date of sub-
23	mission of such certification for such period, unless
24	there is enacted into law during such 90-day period
25	a joint resolution of disapproval.

1	(2) Consultation and Report.—The Presi-
2	dent shall, not later than 45 calendar days before
3	submitting a certification under paragraph (1)—
4	(A) consult with the Committee on Ways
5	and Means of the House of Representatives and
6	the Committee on Finance of the Senate; and
7	(B) submit to both such committees a re-
8	port that explains the basis for the determina-
9	tion of the President contained in such certifi-
10	cation.
11	(b) RESTORATION OF NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS
12	TREATMENT.—
13	(1) In general.—The President is authorized
14	to resume the application of the rates of duty set
15	forth in column 1 of the Harmonized Tariff Sched-
16	ule of the United States to the products of the Rus-
17	sian Federation, the Republic of Belarus, or both, if
18	the President submits to Congress with respect to ei-
19	ther or both such countries a certification under
20	subsection (c). Such action shall take effect begin-
21	ning on the date that is 90 calendar days after the
22	date of submission of such certification, unless there
23	is enacted into law during such 90-day period a joint
24	resolution of disapproval.

1	(2) Consultation and Report.—The Presi-
2	dent shall, not later than 45 calendar days before
3	submitting a certification under paragraph (1)—
4	(A) consult with the Committee on Ways
5	and Means of the House of Representatives and
6	the Committee on Finance of the Senate; and
7	(B) submit to both such committees a re-
8	port that explains the basis for the determina-
9	tion of the President contained in such certifi-
10	cation.
11	(3) Products of the Russian Federa-
12	TION.—If the President submits pursuant to para-
13	graph (1) a certification under subsection (c) with
14	respect to the Russian Federation and a joint resolu-
15	tion of disapproval is not enacted during the 90-day
16	period described in that paragraph, the President
17	may grant permanent nondiscriminatory tariff treat-
18	ment (normal trade relations) to the products of the
19	Russian Federation.
20	(4) Products of the republic of
21	BELARUS.—If the President submits pursuant to
22	paragraph (1) a certification under subsection (c)
23	with respect to the Republic of Belarus and a joint
24	resolution of disapproval is not enacted during the
25	90-day period described in that paragraph, the

1	President may, subject to the provisions of chapter
2	1 of title IV of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
3	2431 et seq.), grant nondiscriminatory tariff treat-
4	ment (normal trade relations) to the products of the
5	Republic of Belarus.
6	(c) CERTIFICATION.—A certification under this sub-
7	section is a certification in writing that—
8	(1) specifies the action proposed to be taken
9	pursuant to the certification and whether such ac-
10	tion is pursuant to subsection (a)(1) or (b)(1) of this
11	section; and
12	(2) contains a determination of the President
13	that the Russian Federation or the Republic of
14	Belarus (or both)—
15	(A) has withdrawn its forces and ceased all
16	acts of aggression against Ukraine;
17	(B) poses no immediate threat of aggres-
18	sion to any North Atlantic Treaty Organization
19	ally or partner; and
20	(C) recognizes a free and independent
21	Ukraine, including with respect to the ability of
22	its people to choose their own government.
23	(d) Joint Resolution of Disapproval.—

1	(1) Definition.—For purposes of this section,
2	the term "joint resolution of disapproval" means
3	only a joint resolution—
4	(A) which does not have a preamble;
5	(B) the title of which is as follows: "Joint
6	resolution disapproving the President's certifi-
7	cation under section 5(c) of the Suspending
8	Normal Trade Relations with Russia and
9	Belarus Act."; and
10	(C) the matter after the resolving clause of
11	which is as follows: "That Congress disapproves
12	the certification of the President under section
13	5(c) of the Suspending Normal Trade Relations
14	with Russia and Belarus Act, submitted to Con-
15	gress on", the blank space being filled
16	in with the appropriate date.
17	(2) Introduction in the house of Rep-
18	RESENTATIVES.—During a period of 5 legislative
19	days beginning on the date that a certification under
20	section 5(c) is submitted to Congress, a joint resolu-
21	tion of disapproval may be introduced in the House
22	of Representatives by the majority leader or the mi-
23	nority leader.
24	(3) Introduction in the senate.—During a
25	period of 5 days on which the Senate is in session

1	beginning on the date that a certification under sec-
2	tion 5(c) is submitted to Congress, a joint resolution
3	of disapproval may be introduced in the Senate by
4	the majority leader (or the majority leader's des-
5	ignee) or the minority leader (or the minority lead-
6	er's designee).
7	(4) Floor consideration in the house of
8	REPRESENTATIVES.—
9	(A) Reporting and discharge.—If a
10	committee of the House to which a joint resolu-
11	tion of disapproval has been referred has not
12	reported such joint resolution within 10 legisla-
13	tive days after the date of referral, that com-
14	mittee shall be discharged from further consid-
15	eration thereof.
16	(B) Proceeding to consideration.—
17	Beginning on the third legislative day after
18	each committee to which a joint resolution of
19	disapproval has been referred reports it to the
20	House or has been discharged from further con-
21	sideration thereof, it shall be in order to move
22	to proceed to consider the joint resolution in the
23	House. All points of order against the motion
24	are waived. Such a motion shall not be in order

after the House has disposed of a motion to

25

1	proceed on a joint resolution with regard to the
2	same certification. The previous question shall
3	be considered as ordered on the motion to its
4	adoption without intervening motion. The mo-
5	tion shall not be debatable. A motion to recon-
6	sider the vote by which the motion is disposed
7	of shall not be in order.
8	(C) Consideration.—The joint resolution
9	shall be considered as read. All points of order
10	against the joint resolution and against its con-
11	sideration are waived. The previous question
12	shall be considered as ordered on the joint reso-
13	lution to final passage without intervening mo-
14	tion except two hours of debate equally divided
15	and controlled by the sponsor of the joint reso-
16	lution (or a designee) and an opponent. A mo-
17	tion to reconsider the vote on passage of the
18	joint resolution shall not be in order.
19	(5) Consideration in the senate.—
20	(A) Committee Referral.—A joint reso-
21	lution of disapproval introduced in the Senate
22	shall be referred to the Committee on Finance.
23	(B) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If the
24	Committee on Finance has not reported such
25	joint resolution of disapproval within 10 days

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

on which the Senate is in session after the date
of referral of such joint resolution, that committee shall be discharged from further consideration of such joint resolution and the joint
resolution shall be placed on the appropriate
calendar.

(C) MOTION PROCEED.—Notwith-TO standing Rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, it is in order at any time after the Committee on Finance reports the joint resolution of disapproval to the Senate or has been discharged from its consideration (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of the joint resolution, and all points of order against the joint resolution (and against consideration of the joint resolution) shall be waived. The motion to proceed is not debatable. The motion is not subject to a motion to postpone. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of the joint resolution of disapproval is agreed to, the joint resolution shall remain the unfinished business until disposed of.

1	(D) Debate on the joint resolu-
2	tion of disapproval, and on all debatable mo-
3	tions and appeals in connection therewith, shall
4	be limited to not more than 10 hours, which
5	shall be divided equally between the majority
6	and minority leaders or their designees. A mo-
7	tion to further limit debate is in order and not
8	debatable. An amendment to, or a motion to
9	postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consid-
10	eration of other business, or a motion to recom-
11	mit the joint resolution of disapproval is not in
12	order.
13	(E) VOTE ON PASSAGE.—The vote on pas-
14	sage shall occur immediately following the con-
15	clusion of the debate on the joint resolution of
16	disapproval and a single quorum call at the con-
17	clusion of the debate, if requested in accordance
18	with the rules of the Senate.
19	(F) Rules of the chair on proce-
20	DURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair
21	relating to the application of the rules of the
22	Senate, as the case may be, to the procedure re-
23	lating to the joint resolution of disapproval shall
24	be decided without debate.

1	(G) Consideration of veto mes-
2	SAGES.—Debate in the Senate of any veto mes-
3	sage with respect to the joint resolution of dis-
4	approval, including all debatable motions and
5	appeals in connection with such joint resolution,
6	shall be limited to 10 hours, to be equally di-
7	vided between, and controlled by, the majority
8	leader and the minority leader or their des-
9	ignees.
10	(6) Procedures in the senate.—Except as
11	otherwise provided in this subsection, the following
12	procedures shall apply in the Senate to a joint reso-
13	lution of disapproval to which this subsection ap-
14	plies:
15	(A) Except as provided in subparagraph
16	(B), a joint resolution of disapproval that has
17	passed the House of Representatives shall,
18	when received in the Senate, be referred to the
19	Committee on Finance for consideration in ac-
20	cordance with this subsection.
21	(B) If a joint resolution of disapproval to
22	which this section applies was introduced in the
23	Senate before receipt of a joint resolution of
24	disapproval that has passed the House of Rep-
25	resentatives, the joint resolution from the

1	House of Representatives shall, when received
2	in the Senate, be placed on the calendar. If this
3	subparagraph applies, the procedures in the
4	Senate with respect to a joint resolution of dis-
5	approval introduced in the Senate that contains
6	the identical matter as the joint resolution of
7	disapproval that passed the House of Rep-
8	resentatives shall be the same as if no joint res-
9	olution of disapproval had been received from
10	the House of Representatives, except that the
11	vote on passage in the Senate shall be on the
12	joint resolution of disapproval that passed the
13	House of Representatives.
14	(7) Rules of the house of representa-
15	TIVES AND SENATE.—This subsection is enacted by
16	Congress—
17	(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power
18	of the Senate and the House of Representa-
19	tives, respectively, and as such are deemed a
20	part of the rules of each House, respectively,
21	but applicable only with respect to the proce-
22	dure to be followed in that House in the case
23	of legislation described in those sections, and
24	supersede other rules only to the extent that
25	they are inconsistent with such rules; and

1	(B) with full recognition of the constitu-
2	tional right of either House to change the rules
3	(so far as relating to the procedure of that
4	House) at any time, in the same manner, and
5	to the same extent as in the case of any other
6	rule of that House.
7	SEC. 6. COOPERATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY AT THE
8	WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION.
9	The United States Trade Representative shall use the
10	voice and influence of the United States at the WTO to—
11	(1) condemn the recent aggression in Ukraine;
12	(2) encourage other WTO members to suspend
13	trade concessions to the Russian Federation and the
14	Republic of Belarus;
15	(3) consider further steps with the view to sus-
16	pend the Russian Federation's participation in the
17	WTO; and
18	(4) seek to halt the accession process of the Re-
19	public of Belarus at the WTO and cease accession-
20	related work.
21	SEC. 7. REAUTHORIZATION OF GLOBAL MAGNITSKY
22	HUMAN RIGHTS ACCOUNTABILITY ACT.
23	Section 1265(a) of the Global Magnitsky Human
24	Rights Accountability Act (subtitle F of title XII of Public

Law 114–328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) is amended by striking "6 years" and inserting "12 years". 3 SEC. 8. ENERGY SECURITY PLAN. 4 The Natural Gas Act is amended by inserting after 5 section 3A (15 U.S.C. 717b-1) the following: 6 "ENERGY SECURITY PLAN 7 "Sec. 3B. Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, and biennially thereafter, the 9 President shall transmit to Congress an energy security 10 plan which shall include— 11 "(1) an evaluation of United States crude oil, 12 petroleum product, and natural gas imports and ex-13 ports; 14 "(2) an energy security risk assessment, by 15 country of origin, of importing crude oil, petroleum 16 products, and natural gas to the United States; and 17 "(3) strategies, including changes to Federal 18 policies and regulations, to encourage increased do-19 mestic production of crude oil, petroleum products, 20 and natural gas in order to offset any amounts of 21 crude oil, petroleum products, and natural gas im-22 ported to the United States from Russia.". 23 SEC. 9. KEYSTONE XL AUTHORIZATION. 24 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—TransCanada Keystone Pipeline, L.P., may construct, connect, operate, and maintain

26 the pipeline facilities at the international border of the

- 1 United States and Canada at Phillips County, Montana,
- 2 for the import of oil from Canada to the United States
- 3 described in the Presidential Permit of March 29, 2019
- 4 (84 Fed. Reg. 13101).
- 5 (b) No Presidential Permit Required.—No
- 6 Presidential permit (or similar permit) under Executive
- 7 Order 13867 (3 U.S.C. 301 note; relating to the issuance
- 8 of permits with respect to facilities and land transpor-
- 9 tation crossings at the international boundaries of the
- 10 United States), Executive Order 12038 (42 U.S.C. 7151
- 11 note; relating to the transfer of certain functions to the
- 12 Secretary of Energy), Executive Order 10485 (15 U.S.C.
- 13 717b note; relating to the performance of functions re-
- 14 specting electric power and natural gas facilities located
- 15 on United States borders), or any other Executive order
- 16 shall be required for the construction, connection, oper-
- 17 ation, or maintenance of the pipeline facilities described
- 18 in subsection (a).
- 19 SEC. 10. ADVANCING UNITED STATES GLOBAL LEADER-
- 20 **SHIP.**
- 21 Section 3 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717b)
- 22 is amended—
- 23 (1) by striking subsections (a) through (c);
- 24 (2) by redesignating subsections (e) and (f) as
- subsections (a) and (b), respectively;

1	(3) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
2	section (c), and moving such subsection after sub-
3	section (b), as so redesignated;
4	(4) in subsection (a), as so redesignated, by
5	amending paragraph (1) to read as follows: " (1) The
6	Commission shall have the exclusive authority to ap-
7	prove or deny an application for the siting, construc-
8	tion, expansion, or operation of a facility to export
9	natural gas from the United States to a foreign
10	country or import natural gas from a foreign coun-
11	try, including an LNG terminal. Except as specifi-
12	cally provided in this Act, nothing in this Act is in-
13	tended to affect otherwise applicable law related to
14	any Federal agency's authorities or responsibilities
15	related to facilities to import or export natural gas,
16	including LNG terminals."; and
17	(5) by adding at the end the following new sub-
18	section:
19	"(d)(1) Nothing in this Act limits the authority of
20	the President under the Constitution, the International
21	Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et
22	seq.), the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et
23	seq.), part B of title II of the Energy Policy and Conserva-
24	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6271 et seq.), the Trading With the
25	Enemy Act (50 U.S.C. 4301 et seq.), or any other provi-

1	sion of law that imposes sanctions on a foreign person or
2	foreign government (including any provision of law that
3	prohibits or restricts United States persons from engaging
4	in a transaction with a sanctioned person or government),
5	including a country that is designated as a state sponsor
6	of terrorism, to prohibit imports or exports.
7	"(2) In this subsection, the term 'state sponsor of ter-
8	rorism' means a country the government of which the Sec-
9	retary of State determines has repeatedly provided sup-
10	port for international terrorism pursuant to—
11	"(A) section $1754(c)(1)(A)$ of the Export Con-
12	trol Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. $4318(e)(1)(A)$);
13	"(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance
14	Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);
15	"(C) section 40 of the Arms Export Control Act
16	(22 U.S.C. 2780); or
17	"(D) any other provision of law.".
18	SEC. 11. PROHIBITION ON MORATORIA OF NEW ENERGY
19	LEASES ON CERTAIN FEDERAL LAND AND ON
20	WITHDRAWAL OF FEDERAL LAND FROM EN-
21	ERGY DEVELOPMENT.
22	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
23	(1) Critical mineral.—The term "critical
24	mineral" means any mineral included on the list of
25	critical minerals published in the notice of the Sec-

1	retary of the Interior entitled "Final List of Critical
2	Minerals 2018" (83 Fed. Reg. 23295 (May 18,
3	2018)).
4	(2) Federal Land.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "Federal
6	land" means—
7	(i) National Forest System land;
8	(ii) public lands (as defined in section
9	103 of the Federal Land Policy and Man-
10	agement Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702));
11	(iii) the outer Continental Shelf (as
12	defined in section 2 of the Outer Conti-
13	nental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331));
14	and
15	(iv) land managed by the Secretary of
16	Energy.
17	(B) Inclusion.—The term "Federal
18	land" includes land described in clauses (i)
19	through (iv) of subparagraph (A) for which the
20	rights to the surface estate or subsurface estate
21	are owned by a non-Federal entity.
22	(3) President.—The term "President" means
23	the President or any designee, including—
24	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture;
25	(B) the Secretary of Energy; and

1	(C) the Secretary of the Interior.
2	(b) Prohibitions.—
3	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
4	provision of law, the President shall not carry out
5	any action that would prohibit or substantially delay
6	the issuance of any of the following on Federal land,
7	unless such an action has been authorized by an Act
8	of Congress:
9	(A) New oil and gas leases, drill permits,
10	approvals, or authorizations.
11	(B) New coal leases, permits, approvals, or
12	authorizations.
13	(C) New hard rock leases, permits, approv-
14	als, or authorizations.
15	(D) New critical minerals leases, permits,
16	approvals, or authorizations.
17	(2) Prohibition on Withdrawal.—Notwith-
18	standing any other provision of law, the President
19	shall not withdraw any Federal land from forms of
20	entry, appropriation, or disposal under the public
21	land laws, location, entry, and patent under the min-
22	ing laws, or disposition under laws pertaining to
23	mineral and geothermal leasing or mineral materials
24	unless the withdrawal has been authorized by an Act
25	of Congress.

SEC. 12. OIL AND NATURAL GAS LEASING. 2 (a) Onshore Lease Sales.— 3 (1) Requirement to immediately resume 4 ONSHORE OIL AND GAS LEASE SALES.— 5 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the 6 Interior (referred to in this Act as the "Sec-7 retary") shall immediately resume oil and gas 8 lease sales in compliance with the Mineral Leas-9 ing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.). 10 (B) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall 11 ensure that any oil and gas lease sale under 12 subparagraph (A) is conducted immediately on 13 completion of all applicable scoping, public com-14 ment, and environmental analysis requirements 15 under the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 16 et seq.) and the National Environmental Policy 17 Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.). 18 (2) Annual lease sales.— 19 (A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any 20 other provision of law, in accordance with the 21 Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.), 22 beginning in fiscal year 2022, the Secretary 23 shall conduct a minimum of 4 oil and natural 24 gas lease sales annually in each of the following 25 States: 26 (i) Wyoming.

1	(ii) New Mexico.
2	(iii) Colorado.
3	(iv) Utah.
4	(v) Montana.
5	(vi) North Dakota.
6	(vii) Oklahoma.
7	(viii) Nevada.
8	(ix) Any other State in which there is
9	land available for oil and natural gas leas-
10	ing under that Act.
11	(B) Requirement.—In conducting a lease
12	sale under subparagraph (A) in a State de-
13	scribed in that subparagraph, the Secretary
14	shall offer all parcels eligible for oil and gas de-
15	velopment under the resource management plan
16	in effect for the State.
17	(C) Replacement sales.—If, for any
18	reason, a lease sale under subparagraph (A) for
19	a calendar year is canceled, delayed, or de-
20	ferred, including for a lack of eligible parcels,
21	the Secretary shall conduct a replacement sale
22	during the same calendar year.
23	(b) Offshore Lease Sales.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct
25	all lease sales described in the 2017–2022 Outer

1	Continental Shelf Oil and Gas Leasing Proposed
2	Final Program (November 2016) that have not been
3	conducted as of the date of enactment of this Act by
4	not later than December 31, 2022.
5	(2) Gulf of mexico region annual lease
6	SALES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
7	beginning in fiscal year 2022, the Secretary shall
8	conduct a minimum of 2 region-wide oil and natural
9	gas lease sales annually in the Gulf of Mexico Re-
10	gion of the outer Continental Shelf, which shall in-
11	clude the following areas described the 2017–2022
12	Outer Continental Shelf Oil and Gas Leasing Pro-
13	posed Final Program (November 2016):
14	(A) The Central Gulf of Mexico Planning
15	Area.
16	(B) The Western Gulf of Mexico Planning
17	Area.
18	(3) Alaska region annual lease sales.—
19	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, begin-
20	ning in fiscal year 2022, the Secretary shall conduct
21	a minimum of 2 region-wide oil and natural gas
22	lease sales annually in the Alaska Region of the
23	outer Continental Shelf, as described the 2017–2022
24	Outer Continental Shelf Oil and Gas Leasing Pro-
25	posed Final Program (November 2016).

1	(4) Requirements.—In conducting lease sales
2	under paragraphs (2) and (3) the Secretary shall—
3	(A) issue leases to the highest responsible
4	qualified bidder or bidders; and
5	(B) include in each lease sale all unleased
6	areas that are not subject to restrictions as of
7	the date of the lease sale.
8	(5) Outer continental shelf oil and gas
9	LEASING PROGRAM.—Section 18 of the Outer Conti-
10	nental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1344) is amend-
11	ed —
12	(A) in subsection (a), in the first sentence
13	of the matter preceding paragraph (1), by strik-
14	ing "subsections (c) and (d) of this section"
15	and inserting "subsections (c) through (f)";
16	(B) by redesignating subsections (f)
17	through (h) as subsections (g) through (i), re-
18	spectively; and
19	(C) by inserting after subsection (e) the
20	following:
21	"(f) Subsequent Leasing Programs.—
22	"(1) In general.—Not later than 36 months
23	after conducting the first lease sale under an oil and
24	gas leasing program prepared pursuant to this sec-
25	tion, the Secretary shall begin preparing the subse-

- 1 quent oil and gas leasing program under this sec-2 tion.
- 3 "(2) REQUIREMENT.—Each subsequent oil and 4 gas leasing program under this section shall be ap-5 proved not later than 180 days before the expiration 6 of the previous oil and gas leasing program.".

7 SEC. 13. STRATEGIC PRODUCTION RESPONSE PLAN.

- 8 Section 161 of the Energy Policy and Conservation
- 9 Act (42 U.S.C. 6241) is amended by adding at the end
- 10 the following new subsection:
- 11 "(k) Plan.—
- 12 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except in the case of a se-13 vere energy supply interruption described in sub-14 section (d), the Secretary may not execute the first 15 drawdown of petroleum products in the Reserve 16 after the date of enactment of this subsection, 17 whether through sale, exchange, or loan, until the 18 Secretary has developed a plan to increase the per-19 centage of Federal lands (including submerged lands 20 of the Outer Continental Shelf) under the jurisdic-21 tion of the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of 22 Energy, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Sec-23 retary of Defense leased for oil and gas production 24 by the same percentage as the percentage of petro-25 leum in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve that is to

1	be drawn down in that first and subsequent
2	drawdowns, subject to the limitation under para-
3	graph (2).
4	"(2) Limitation.—The plan required by para-
5	graph (1) shall not provide for a total increase in
6	the percentage of Federal lands described in para-
7	graph (1) leased for oil and gas production in excess
8	of 10 percent.
9	"(3) Consultation.—The Secretary shall pre-
10	pare the plan required by paragraph (1) in consulta-
11	tion with the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary
12	of the Interior, and the Secretary of Defense.".

